# The Effect of Motivation and Work Environment on Employee Performance at PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik, City of Palopo

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#### ARTICLE INFO ABSTRACT



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#### **Keywords:**

Motivation, Work Environment, Employee Performance

#### This research was conducted to determine the effect of work motivation and work environment on employee performance at PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik. The population and samples were taken using the Slovin formula, with a total of 40 respondents. The research was conducted by distributing questionnaires to employees of PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik, who studied as many as 40 respondents. The analysis technique used is multiple regression with hypothesis testing, namely the F test and t test. The results of the R square data (R2) are 0.874. The results showed that work motivation and work environment simultaneously affect performance, while the remaining 12.6% are influenced by other factors not examined in this study. Work motivation and work environment together have a positive effect on performance at PT. Praatomo Putra Teknik. The test results show that, partially, there is a significant influence of work motivation on performance at PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik.

#### INTRODUCTION

In facing modern life with sophisticated technology, the role of human resources, namely employees or employees as a workforce in an organizational unit, is needed to produce a quality product, both in the form of materials and products that improve performance and affect efficiency and effectiveness. Organization, an analysis that concentrates on performance, will place more emphasis on the main factors, including employee motivation (Sudarso et al., 2020).

The development of human resources in companies is now increasingly important. This makes companies need to pay more special attention to existing human resources. Because a company is not only tasked with recruiting new employees but companies must look at the ability of employees to support their work. In addition, companies must also pay attention to the conditions of employees such as providing social security, providing security and safety at work, a comfortable environment, and providing work motivation for employees to carry out their duties to the fullest according to company standards (Gardjito et al., 2014).

And likewise a good work environment can support the implementation of work so that employees have enthusiasm for work and improve employee performance. The work environment can create a binding working relationship between people in their environment. Therefore, it should be endeavored that the work environment must be good and conducive because a good and conducive work environment makes employees feel at home in the room and feel happy and excited to carry out their duties so that job satisfaction will be formed and from this employee job satisfaction, employee performance will also increase (Ratri & Palupiningdyah, 2014).

Employee performance is often interpreted as task achievement, where employees must work in accordance with the organization's work program to show the level of organizational performance in

achieving the vision, mission and goals of the organization. Employee performance has an important role for the organization, if the performance displayed by employees is low, it will result in the organization's achieving goals being hampered. Performance is the achievement of employee work results based on quality and quantity as work performance within a certain time period that is adjusted to their duties and responsibilities at work (Hustia, 2020).

### **RESEARCH METHOD**

In this study the research method used is quantitative research, this research is included in casual associative research, starting from compiling specific questions, limiting questions, collecting data needed in this research, analyzing numbers using statistics, conducting investigations that do not side in an objective way. This research was conducted to determine the effect of work enthusiasm and work discipline on employee performance at PT Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City.

# **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

### Characteristics Respondents

Respondents in this study are employees at PT Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City. This study used a sample of 40 respondents who were met during the ongoing research.

		Response	e Respondents
No	Type Sex	Person	Percentage (%)
1	Man	30	65
2	Woman	10	35
TOTAL	_	40	100

#### Table 1. Characteristics Respondents Based on Type Sex

Source: Processed primary data, 2023

Based on the processed primary data regarding the characteristics of respondents based on gender, the largest number of respondents were male respondents, namely 30 people or 65%, and female respondents, namely 10 people or 35%, so that it can be said that average employees at PT Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City, dominated by male respondents.

### Age/Age of Respondents

As for characteristics respondent based on age can be seen in the following table:

		Response Respondents			
No	Age/Age	Person	Percentage (%)		
1	25-30 Year	35	75		
2	31-35 Year	5	25		
TOT	AL	40	100		

Source: Processed primary data, 2023

Based on the processed primary data regarding the characteristics of respondents based on age/age, the largest number of respondents are respondents aged 25-30 years, namely 35 people or 75%, respondents aged 31-35 years, namely 5 people or 25%, so it can be concluded that average employees at PT Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City dominated aged 25-30 year.

#### Length of work

As for characteristics respondent based on working hours are as follows:

		Response	Response Respondents			
No	Work	Person	Percentage (%)			
1	1-3 Years	20	65			
2	4-6 Years	14	20			
3	7-10 Years	6	15			
ТОТ	TAL	40	100			

Table 3. Characteristics Res	nondents Based on	Length of work
Table 5. Characteristics ites	ponuents Dascu on	Length of work

Data source primary processed, 2023

Based on the processed primary data regarding the characteristics of respondents based on length of work, the largest number of respondents are respondents who have worked 1-3 years, namely 20 people or 65%, respondents who have worked 4-6 years, namely 14 people or 20%, respondents who have worked for 7-10 years, namely 6 people or 15%, and respondents. So it can be said that the average employees in Palopo City dominated by employees who have worked in the range of one to three years.

### Multiple Linear Regression Analysis

Table 4.Regression Testing Results							
Coefficients <sup>a</sup>							
Unstandardized Coefficients				Standardized Coefficients			
	Model	В	std. Error	Betas	t	Sig.	
1	(Constant)	1,100	1,317		.835	.409	
	work motivation	.349	.157	.357	2,219	.033	
	work environment	.603	.164	.593	3,683	001	
a. Dep	endent Variable: en	ployee perfor	mance				

Source: Primary data processed, 2023

### Y = 1.100+ 0.349X1 + 0.603X2Remarks:

Information:

*Y* = *Employee Performance* 

*X1* = *Work Motivation* 

X2 = Work Environment

The test results obtained above are as follows:

a) The constant value ( $\alpha$ ) obtained is 1,100 meaning that if the variable Motivation, Work Environment is worth 0, the level of employee performance that occurs is 1,100.

- b) The regression coefficient X1 = 0.349 means that if motivation increases by 1 unit, then employee performance is 0.349. The direction of motivation on employee performance is positive.
- c) The regression coefficient X2 = 0.603 means that if the work environment is 1 unit, then employee performance increases by 0.603. The direction of the work environment on employee performance is positive.

# Coefficient of Determination $(R^2)$

This test is useful for measuring the ability of the independent variables in assembling the dependent variable. In simple regression it is better to use R square or Adjusted R which has been adjusted for the independent variables used in this study.

	Table 5. Variable Correlation Results									
Model R R Square Adjusted R Square std. Error of the Estim										
	1	.935a	.874	.867	.732					
ł	a. Predictors: (Constant), work environment, motivation									
C	Duine	my data mnaaagga	1 2022							

Source: Primary data processed, 2023

From the results of the analysis of motivation and work environment on the performance of employees of PT Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City. From the table above, it shows that the coefficient of determination (R Square) is 0.874. It can be concluded that the independent variables (motivation and work environment) have a contribution or influence on the related variable (employee performance) of 87.4%, while the remaining 12.6% is influenced by other indicators not examined in research.

### Hypothesis testing

### Test Partial (t test)

Test criteria partial (t test) if  $t_{count}$ >  $t_{table}$  for degrees of freedom (df) = nk is 40-3 = 37. Based on the "t" distribution table obtained  $t_{table}$  = 2.222. In addition to tcount, you can use research significance <0.05.

Coefficients <sup>a</sup> Unstandardized Coefficients				Standardized Coefficients				
	Model	В	std. Error	Betas	Q	Sig.		
1	(Constant)	1,100	1,317		.835	.409		
	work motivation	.349	.157	.357	2,219	.033		
	work environment	.603	.164	.593	3,683	001		
a. Dependent Variable: employee performance								

Table	6.	-t	test	
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Source: Primary data processed, 2023

Based on the table above on the t-test statistics consisting of Motivation (X1), Work Environment (X2), it can be seen partially the effect on Employee Performance (Y):

1. The significant result of the motivation variable (X1) is 0.033 where the result is greater than the significance level of 0.05 or 0.033 > 0.05 and when viewed from the t<sub>count</sub> value of 2.219 it is smaller than the t<sub>table</sub> of 2.222 or 2.219 < 2.222. So it can be concluded that there is no influence

between the Work Environment on employee performance at PT Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City.

2. The significant result of the work environment variable (X2) is 0.001 where the result is smaller than the significance level of 0.05 or 0.001 <0.05 and when viewed from the tcount value of 3,683 it is greater than the ttable of 2,222 or 3,683 <2,222. So it can be concluded that there is an influence between work discipline on employee performance at PT Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City.

#### F Test (Simultaneous Test)

The F test is used to test the effect of the independent variables namely Services and Prices jointly on the dependent variable, namely Consumer Satisfaction, this can be seen in the following table:

	Table 7. Simultaneous Test Analysis Results (Test F)							
			ANOVA <sup>a</sup>					
		Sum of						
	Model	Squares	Df	Mean Square	F	Sig.		
1	Regression	137,163	2	68,582	128.08	.000b		
	Residual	19,812	37	.535				
	Total	156,975	39					
a. De	a. Dependent Variable: Y							
b. Pro	b. Predictors: (Constant), X2, X1							
Source	e: Primary data proc	essed, 2023						

The Fcount value for the variables of motivation and work environment simultaneously is 128.08 > the Ftable value is 1.75 and a significance of 0.000 <0.05, it can be concluded that motivation and work environment simultaneously have a significant effect on employee performance variables at PT Pratomo Putra Teknik Kota Palopo.

#### CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the research that has been done, it can be concluded that motivation and work environment simultaneously have a significant effect on employee performance variables at PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City. Fcount values for motivation and work environment variables. There is no influence between the Work Environment on employee performance at PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City. There is an influence between the Work Environment on employee performance at PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik, Palopo City.

PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik needs to pay attention to motivation and work environment so as to result in better employee performance. In determining policies related to motivation and work environment, the leaders of PT. Pratomo Putra Teknik considers the results of the research that has been done so that it can be known or according to the form of motivation and work environment expected by employees to improve company performance.

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